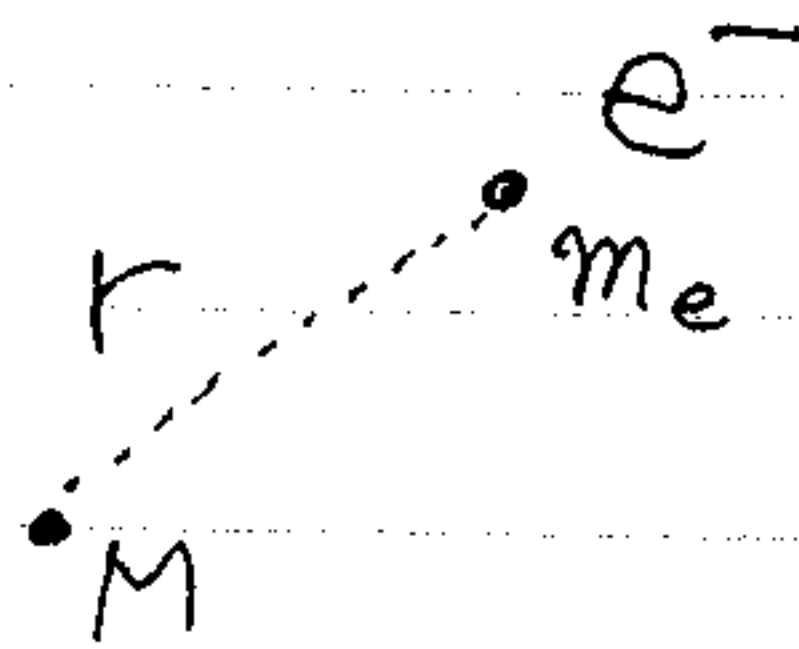


8 水素原子に対する変分計算(1) (H.O.型変分)

・(原子単位における)水素原子のハミルトニアン

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{1}{2\mu} \left(\frac{d^2}{dr^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \right) - \frac{Z^2}{r} \quad (1)$$

$$Z=1$$



$$\mu = \frac{M \cdot m_e}{M + m_e} \quad \text{換算質量}$$

半導体の波動関数に対する変分計算 (CGS単位系)

$$\text{試行関数 } \Phi(r) = e^{-\gamma r} \quad \dots (2)$$

(γ : 1/5 x 7)
変分
2-7 (get)

$$\left(\frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{m_e} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{d\Phi(r)}{dr} = -\gamma \cdot e^{-\gamma r}, \quad \frac{d^2\Phi}{dr^2} = \gamma^2 \cdot e^{-\gamma r}$$

$$\rightarrow \hat{H}\Phi(r) = -\frac{1}{2\mu} \left\{ \gamma^2 e^{-\gamma r} - \frac{2\gamma}{r} e^{-\gamma r} \right\} - \frac{1}{r} e^{-\gamma r}$$

$$\rightarrow \int \Phi^*(r) \hat{H} \Phi(r) r^2 dr = -\frac{1}{2\mu} \left\{ \gamma^2 \int e^{-2\gamma r} r^2 dr - \frac{2\gamma}{r} \int e^{-2\gamma r} r^2 dr \right\} - \frac{1}{r} \int e^{-2\gamma r} r^2 dr \quad \dots (3)$$

・規格化積分

$$\int_0^\infty \Phi^*(r) \cdot \Phi(r) r^2 dr = \int_0^\infty e^{-2\gamma r} r^2 dr = \int_0^\infty \left(-\frac{e^{-2\gamma r}}{2\gamma} \right)' \cdot r^2 dr$$

$$= \left[-\frac{e^{-2\gamma r}}{2\gamma} r^2 \right]_{r=0}^{\infty} + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \int_0^\infty e^{-2\gamma r} \times 2r \cdot dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{\gamma} \int_0^\infty e^{-2\gamma r} \cdot r dr =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\gamma} \left\{ \left[-\frac{e^{-2\gamma r}}{2\gamma} \times r \right]_0^\infty + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \int_0^\infty e^{-2\gamma r} dr \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\gamma^3} \quad \dots (4)$$

・ハミルトニアンに対する積分

$$\int_0^\infty \Phi^*(r) \hat{H} \Phi(r) r^2 dr = \int_0^\infty \left\{ -\frac{1}{2\mu} \left[\gamma^2 e^{-2\gamma r} - \frac{2\gamma}{r} e^{-2\gamma r} \right] - \frac{e^{-2\gamma r}}{r} \right\} r^2 dr$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \left\{ -\frac{\gamma^2}{2\mu} e^{-2\gamma r} \cdot r^2 + \left(\frac{2\gamma}{\gamma\mu} - 1 \right) \frac{e^{-2\gamma r}}{r} \times r^2 \right\} dr$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \left\{ -\frac{\gamma^2}{2\mu} e^{-2\gamma r} \cdot r^2 + \left(\frac{2\gamma}{\gamma\mu} - 1 \right) e^{-2\gamma r} \cdot r \right\} dr,$$

$$\frac{1}{4\gamma^3}$$

22

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-2\beta r} \cdot r dr = \left[-\frac{e^{-2\beta r}}{2\beta} r \right]_0^{\infty} + \frac{1}{2\beta} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2\beta r} dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\beta} \left[-\frac{e^{-2\beta r}}{2\beta} \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{4\beta^2}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \Phi^*(r) \hat{H} \Phi(r) r^2 dr = -\frac{\beta^2}{2\mu} \times \frac{1}{4\beta^3} + \left(\frac{2\beta}{2\mu} - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{4\beta^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\mu\beta} - \frac{1}{4\beta^2} \quad \dots (5)$$

$$\xi(\beta) \equiv \frac{\int_0^{\infty} \Phi^*(r) \hat{H} \Phi(r) r^2 dr}{\int_0^{\infty} \Phi^*(r) \Phi(r) r^2 dr}$$

$\xi: X_i$
 $\nabla^2 = -1, \nabla^2 = -$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{8\mu\beta} - \frac{1}{4\beta^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{4\beta^3}\right)} = \frac{\beta^2}{2\mu} - \beta \quad \dots (6)$$

变分

$$0 = \frac{d\xi(\beta)}{d\beta} \quad \dots (7)$$

$$= \frac{2\beta}{2\mu} - 1 \quad \therefore \boxed{\beta = 1} \quad \dots (8)$$

$$\mu = \frac{M \cdot m_e}{M + m_e} = \frac{m_e}{1 + \frac{m_e}{M}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1836}} m_e \approx 0.999456 m_e$$

$$\approx m_e$$

$$\boxed{\xi(\beta=1) = -0.500 \text{ (a.u.)}} \Leftrightarrow \xi_{\text{exact}} = -0.500 \text{ (a.u.)} \quad \dots (9)$$